	Marble Canyon and Vermilion Cliffs			
IBA web pages	http://www.audubon.org/important-bird-areas/marble- canyon-and-vermilion-cliffs			
	• http://aziba.org/?page_id=476			
	<u>AzGFD Conservation Opportunity Area</u>			
Priority	Global			
Qualifying Criteria	Global Species of global conservation concern (California Condor)			
	State Site Important to Special Status Avian Species concern (Southwestern Willow Flycatcher, Western Yellow-billed Cuckoo, Peregrine Falcon, California Condor, Bald Eagle, Mexican Spotted Owl, Northern Goshawk, Golden Eagle, Western Burrowing Owl, American Bittern, Ferruginous Hawk, Common Nighthawk, American Dipper, Yellow Warbler, Pinyon Jay, Lincoln's Sparrow, Pacific Wren) eBird Bar Chart Bar Charts - eBird			
IBA Polygon Center Point (Latitude, Longitude)	36.8656°N, 111.5848°W			
Size	102,058 acres			
County	Coconino			
Local Communities	Page			
Description	This IBA consists of 125 miles of the Colorado River corridor and adjacent side canyons from Glen Canyon Dam to the mouth of the Little Colorado River. It also contains the Vermilion Cliffs Wilderness Area which is part of the Vermilion Cliffs National Monument.			
Mission/Goals	To conserve avian species, including species of conservation concern and high densities of breeding and migratory raptors, within Marble Canyon and the Vermilion Cliffs Wilderness Area.			
Current Habitat Conservation, Planning, and Management Activities	The Peregrine Fund is the lead organization for the restoration of California Condors at Grand Canyon and Vermilion Cliffs National Monument. Current information is available at http://www.peregrinefund.org .			
	From 1996 to 2000 a research study was completed on the aquatic and riparian bird communities of the Colorado River from Glen Canyon Dam to upper Lake Mead.			









Land Cover Type ¹ (%) and Associated Priority ² Birds 'Southwest Regional Gap Analysis modified to align with ABBA/SWAP	40.28 Cold Temperate (Great Basin) Desert Scrub (California Condor, Golden Eagle, Western Burrowing Owl, Ferruginous Hawk, Prairie Falcon, Common Nighthawk, Sage Thrasher, Vesper Sparrow, Brewer's Sparrow)			
habitat types 2AGFD SGCN and IBA Qualifying Species	31.77 Rock (Peregrine Falcon, California Condor, Mexican Spotted Owl, Golden Eagle)			
	15.41 Cold Temperate (Great Basin) Plains Grassland (California Condor, Golden Eagle, Western Burrowing Owl, Ferruginous Hawk, Common Nighthawk, Scott's Oriole, Prairie Falcon, American Kestrel, Vesper Sparrow, Black-Throated Sparrow, Horned Lark, Northern Harrier, American Pipit, Sprague's Pipit)			
	6.60 Riparian (Southwestern Willow Flycatcher, Bald Eagle, American Dipper, Killdeer, Western Wood-Peewee, Bullock's Oriole, Hooded Oriole, Red-winged Blackbird Yellow Warbler, Lincoln's Sparrow)			
	3.05 Pinyon Pine-Juniper Woodland (California Condor, Golden Eagle, Common Nighthawk, Pinyon Jay, Woodhouse's Scrub-Jay, Loggerhead Shrike, Scott's Oriole)			
	I.34 Wash			
	1.55 Other (Sonoran Desertscrub: Lower Colorado River, Mohave Desertscrub, Urban/Residential, Sonoran/Mohave Desertscrub, Interior Chaparral, Ponderosa Pine Forest)			
Related Habitat Accounts*	Cold Desertscrub High Grasslands Lowland Riparian Pinyon Juniper Pine			
Biological Description	This IBA supports outstanding numbers of over-wintering waterfowl, up to 6000 birds total. In addition, the IBA is 20 miles from the release area for the re-introduced population of California Condors in Arizona, and provides a primary foraging and roosting habitat, along with the Grand Canyon National Park further downstream. Wild fledged condors are using the IBA as a travel and foraging corridor between the Vermilion Cliffs release site and the South Rim of the Grand Canyon. The 27th Annual Public Condor Release added 5 birds to the wild on National Public Lands Day, Saturday, September 24th, 2022. Great Basin Bird Observatory has initiated Pinyon Jay surveys. A Great Blue Heron colony (3-4 pairs) exists within the IBA. The			
	riparian habitat provides the best migration corridor in northern Arizona, and supports substantial numbers of passerines, gulls, raptors (especially Osprey), and Belted Kingfisher. Western Yellow-billed Cuckoo have been documented in Paria Canyon.			

Focal Bird Species	AGFD Species of Greatest Conservation Need (2022)					
Bold Type are Road to Recovery species	Tier I: American Peregrine Falcon, Southwestern Willow Flycatcher, California Condor, Bald Eagle, Mexican Spotted Owl , Western Yellow-billed Cuckoo					
	Tier 2: American Dipper, American Kestrel, American Pipit, Black-Throated Sparrow, Brewer's Sparrow, Broad-tailed Hummingbird, Bullock's Oriole, Clark's Grebe, Common Nighthawk, Ferruginous Hawk, Golden Eagle, Hooded Oriole, Horned Lark, Killdeer, Lincoln's Sparrow, Loggerhead Shrike, Northern Goshawk, Northern Harrier, Pacific Wren, Pinyon Jay, Prairie Falcon, Red-winged Blackbird, Scott's Oriole, Sprague's Pipit, Vesper Sparrow, Western Burrowing Owl, Western Grebe, Western Wood-Peewee, Woodhouse's Scrub Jay					
	Federal Threatened or Endangered Species					
	California Condor, Southwestern Willow Flycatcher, Mexican Spotted Owl, Western Yellow-billed Cuckoo					
	USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern					
	National – Bald Eagle, Peregrine Falcon, Mexican Spotted Owl, Southwestern Willow Flycatcher, Loggerhead Shrike, Bell's Vireo, Gray Vireo, Pinyon Jay, Lucy's Warbler, Grace's Warbler					
	USFWS Region – Bald Eagle, Golden Eagle, Peregrine Falcon, Burrowing Owl, Loggerhead Shrike, Bell's Vireo, Pinyon Jay, Lucy's Warbler, Grace's Warbler, Yellow Warbler					
NABCI Bird Conservation Region	16: Southern Rockies/Colorado Plateau					
Ownership	National Park Service and Bureau of Land Management - Arizona Strip Field Office					
Conservation Land Status**	Wilderness Area (Vermilion Cliffs National Monument) and National Recreation Area (Glenn Canyon)					
Human Population Density	Rural					
Legislative District(s)	Arizona Congressional District 2 and State Legislative District 6					
NRCS Major Land Resource Area	45: Colorado Plateau					
Visitation, main access, and permits needed	Lees Ferry and Navajo Bridge Interpretive Center is located on Highway 89A 45 miles southwest of Page Arizona and 62 miles southeast of the North Rim of Grand Canyon National Park. Lees Ferry is located seven miles down the Lees Ferry road from Navajo Bridge Interpretive Center. Vermilion Cliffs are located adjacent to U.S. Highway Alternate 89 (89A) for approximately 30 miles to the					

Important Bird Areas: Mini Conservation Plan Marble Canyon & Vermilion Cliffs

Updated November 2023

south and west. From Kanab, Utah, take U.S. Highway Alternate 89
(89A) south and then east from Jacob Lake to the cliffs.

^{*}References available written narratives (located on the SIV website) for general habitat types occurring within the IBA.

IBA Activities:

Issue or Activity	Priority	Description	Actions		
CBC	М	Glen Canyon	Extract IBA data		
Bird Monitoring	L H	NPS Waterfowl Counts GBBO Pinyon Jay Surveys			
Bird Monitoring		eBird records	Encourage eBird entries		
IBA Signage	Pending for BLM	Install signs identifying the site as an IBA	Signs delivered to NPS		
IBA Dedication	Done	A formal recognition event	Included in GCNP Dedication Fall 2014		
California Condor Release Program	Н	Annual releases of captive bred condors by the Peregrine Fund	Most recent 5 birds September 24th 2022		

Partners:

Name	Role(s)	Contact Information	Actions
Glen Canyon NRA	Land Manager	PO Box 1507. Page, Arizona 86040 (928) 608-6200 7 am to 4 pm MST, Monday through Friday.	Coordinate with biology staff to get relevant avian data
Peregrine Fund	Condor Recovery	Contact Information: 5668 West Flying Hawk Lane, Boise, Idaho 83709 208-362-3716	Coordinate with biology staff to get relevant avian data
BLM Vermilion Cliffs National Monument	Land Manager	Dixie/Arizona Strip Interpretive Association 345 East Riverside Drive St. George, UT 84790 435-688-3200	Coordinate with biology staff to get relevant avian data

Conservation Targets:

These are species, communities, or ecological systems that represent and encompass the full array of biodiversity found in this IBA.

^{**}Identifies whether the IBA or portions of the IBA have a special land management designation such as wilderness, primitive area, wildlife area, refuge, park, monument, designated conservation area, conservation easement, or other similar designation

Important Bird Areas: Mini Conservation Plan Marble Canyon & Vermilion Cliffs

Updated November 2023

Conservation Target	Current Condition			
Cold-Temperate Grasslands Birds	Good			
Desert Scrub Birds	Very Good			
Riparian Birds	Fair			
Cliff and Inner Canyon Birds	Very Good			
Pinyon and Juniper Birds	Good			

Conservation Challenges:

Conservation challenges are primarily human activities that immediately affect what we are trying to conserve. Through a Miradi process, it was found that pose the greatest threats to birds within this IBA.

Challenges	Grassland Birds	Desert Birds	Riparian Birds	Pinyon and Juniper Birds	Cliff and Canyon Interior Birds	Summary Rating
Lead Poisoning	NA	NA	NA	NA	Medium	Low
Wild Fire	Low	Low	Low	Medium	Low	Low
Invasive Species (cheatgrass and salt cedar)	Medium	Low	High	Medium	High	Medium
Tourism	Low	Low	Medium	Low	Low	Low
Summary Ratings:	High	High	High	Medium	High	High

Marble Canyon and Vermilion Cliffs			Severity (1-3)	Scope (1-3)	Permanence (2-4)
Threats on Nationa	l Database				
Invasive species	5	1	2	2	
Tourism (Boats and OHV)		4	1	2	1
Pollution	Lead in the Environment	7	2	2	3

Reviewed by Stephanie A. Grischkowsky, BLM Arizona Strip Wildlife Biologist November, 2022

Commented [GSA1]: PIJA surveys on Vermilion Cliffs have been conducted by GBBO for past two years and have found PIJA. Numerous recent reports on PJJA sightings on the Monument from coworkers and myself. PJ woodland die off (mainly pinyon pine) happening in pockets throughout the Monument which is concerning and could be an issue in the future. I think for now Good is still an appropriate rating however if die off continues to happen we might need to change to Fair.

Commented [GSA2]: Lead poisoning still issue for Condors although not as much as in the past. Agree with Medium rating.

Commented [GSA3]: Cheatgrass is prevalent throughout the desert could change to Medium.

Commented [GSA4]: Tourism has really increased in Vermilion Cliffs in past several years. Could change NA to Low.





